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ZÁMĚR PRONÁJMU NEMOVITOSTI

OBEC STŘÍLKY

v souladu s § 39 zákona č. 128/2000 Sb., o obcích (obecní zřízení) v platném znění zveřejňuje záměr pronájmu nebytových prostor Kulturního domu, Hlavní č.75, Střílky postaveného na pozemku p.č. st.104 – zastavěná plocha a nádvoří, vše v k.ú. Střílky. Jedná se o pronájem objektu k provozování restaurace dle Přílohy č.1 – situační mapa a Přílohy č.2 – půdorys objektu.

Své připomínky, příp. vyjádření doručte Obecnímu úřadu ve Střílkách do **15.12.2021.**

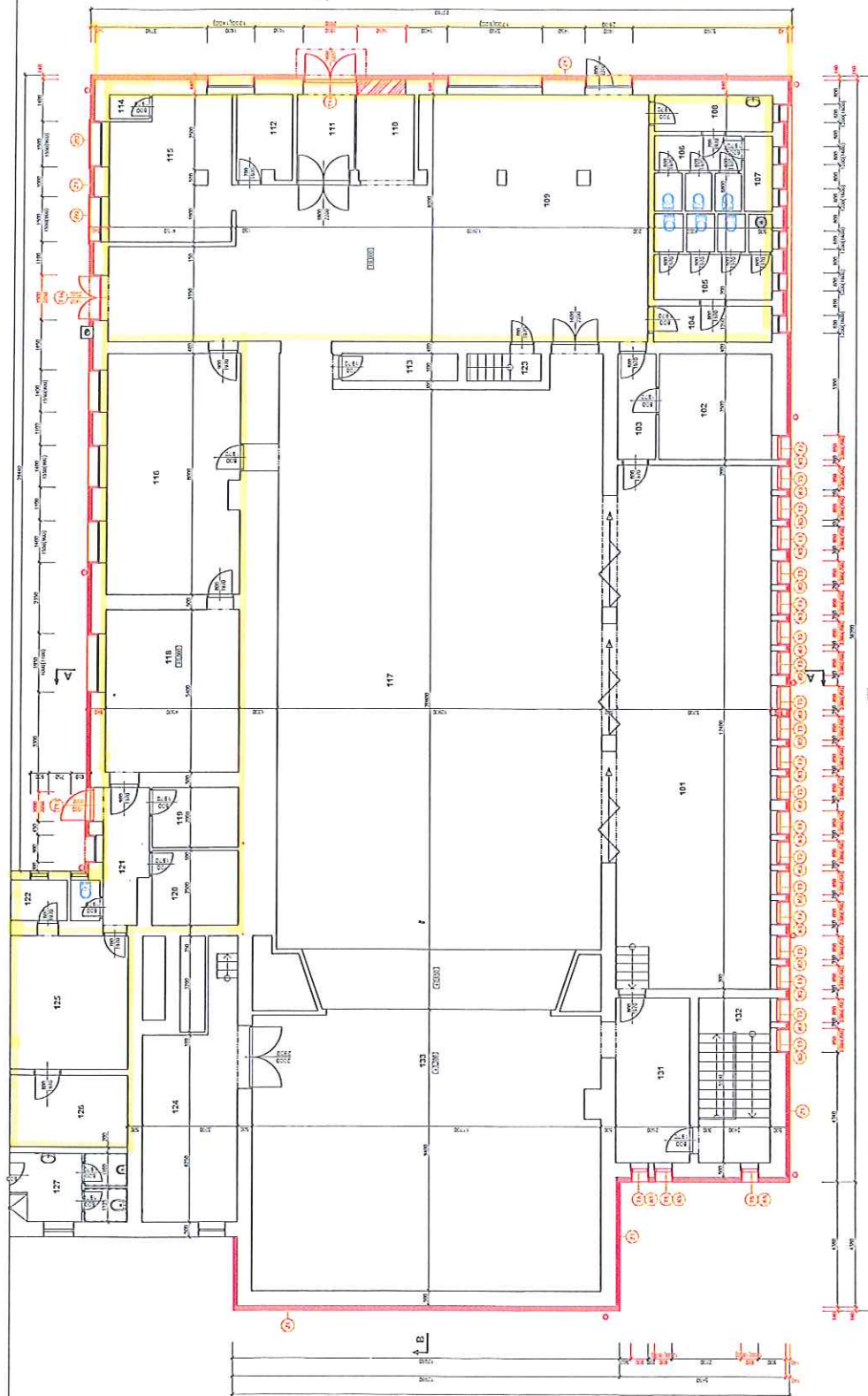
OBEC STŘÍLKY
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okres Kroměříž

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starosta

Vyvěšeno: 30.11.2021

Sejmuto:

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[illegible]

VÝPIS ÚSPORNÝCH OPATŘENÍ:

[illegible]

1. The first step in the process of creating a new product is to identify a market need. This involves conducting market research to determine what consumers want and what problems they are trying to solve. Once a need is identified, the next step is to develop a concept for a product that addresses that need.
2. The second step is to create a prototype of the product. This involves designing and building a small-scale model of the product that can be used to test the concept and gather feedback from potential customers. The prototype should be functional and look like the final product as much as possible.
3. The third step is to conduct a feasibility study. This involves evaluating the technical, financial, and market viability of the product. The study should consider the costs of production, the potential for sales, and the competitive landscape. If the study shows that the product is viable, the next step is to develop a business plan.
4. The fourth step is to develop a business plan. This document outlines the company's goals, strategies, and financial projections. It should include information about the market, the competition, and the company's marketing and sales strategy. The business plan is used to secure funding and guide the company's operations.
5. The fifth step is to secure funding. This involves raising capital from investors, banks, or other sources. The company should have a clear understanding of how much funding it needs and how it will use the money. Once funding is secured, the company can move on to the next step.
6. The sixth step is to produce the product. This involves manufacturing the product on a larger scale and distributing it to the market. The company should have a plan for how to get the product into the hands of customers, whether through retail stores, online sales, or direct sales.
7. The seventh step is to monitor and evaluate the product's performance. This involves tracking sales, customer feedback, and other metrics to determine how well the product is doing in the market. If the product is not performing well, the company may need to make adjustments to its strategy or the product itself.
8. The eighth step is to iterate and improve the product. This involves making changes to the product based on customer feedback and market trends. The company should be open to feedback and willing to make improvements to stay competitive in the market.
9. The ninth step is to scale the product. This involves expanding the product's reach to new markets and increasing production volume. The company should have a plan for how to scale the product, including how to manage logistics and distribution.
10. The tenth step is to exit the market. This involves selling the company or the product to another owner. The company should have a plan for how to exit the market, including how to find a buyer and how to transfer ownership.

Ing. Lukas Luža

For information about a manuscript, please
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